TLN WRO Specification type Document

< Specification and Certification BB and VOD IP Interconnect >



Document Housekeeping

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Document Category and type

CAT	TYPE	DOC ID	Comment
Broadband	SPEC	TLN_WRO_TA_B_S_PAAB	Specification type documents (-SPEC) are documents specifying logical / physical interfaces / protocols, etc, to which AO equipment/systems need to comply

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List of Appendixes

This document may refer to further detailed documents that are added in Appendixes to this document.

A reference to an appendix is in this document highlighted with grey background.

- A. Appendix A, <APP_B_S_PAAB_A> contains:
 - 1) Appendix A <AO Network Interface>

The appendix (es) referred to in this section List of Appendixes, contain(s) detailed technical information which is only relevant when a Beneficiary enters in a concrete implementation project to become Beneficiary of the Telenet Reference Offer and/or Annex.

List of References

This document may refer to external documents or information sources.

A reference to an external document or information source is in this document highlighted with grey background.

The list of referred external documents or information sources in this document:

Reference 1: TLN_WRO_TA_G_C_PAAA - General Certification Procedures

Reference 2: TLN_WRO_TA_T_T_PAAA - Co-location and physical interconnect

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1 Abstract

This document provides the requirement specifications to which the physical and logical level backbone network interconnections must comply in order to provide an IP interconnect system between the AO and TLN IP networks carrying traffic in the data, control and OAM plane, supporting all services of the TLN WRO. It also specifies routing, geographical traffic aspects, redundancy and fail-over considerations.

Generic sections specifying certification procedures applicable to all AO CPE or network equipment that will be connected to the TLN network are described in General Certification Procedures Document TLN_WRO_TA_G_C_PAAA - General Certification Procedures.

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2 AO IP Interconnect Solution Functional Description

- (1) This section describes the physical and logical backbone network interconnections on a functional level to which the solution must comply in order to provide an IP interconnect system between the AO and TLN IP networks carrying traffic in the data, control and OAM plane, supporting all services of the TLN WRO. It also specifies routing, geographical traffic aspects, redundancy and fail-over considerations.
- (2) Further it also discusses traffic management policies on the interconnect links as well as handling regional aspects of AO end-user IP address allocation techniques.

3 AO IP Interconnect Solution Functional Requirements

3.1 General Architecture

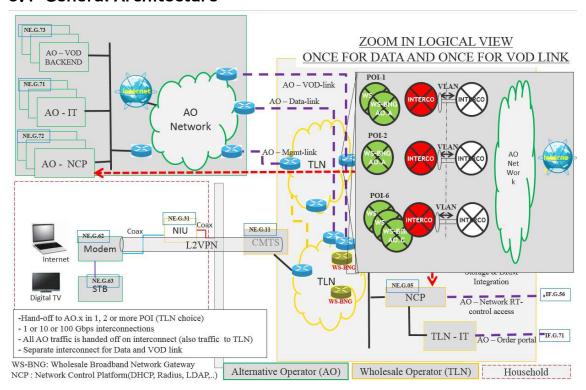


Figure 3-1: General Architecture

- (3) As shown in the figure above, AO CPE Traffic is transparently switched over the CMTS (L2VPN). From there the traffic is switched to a Wholesale Broadband Network Gateway (WS-BNG). The WS-BNG then routes traffic towards the correct AO interconnect link.
- (4) There are two interconnects. A Data link for BB and a VOD link for VOD IP.
- (5) From the WS-BNG all BB traffic is forced over that AO Data interconnect link. Traffic originating from the AO domain, and with as destination an end-user of the AO, will need to be routed towards the correct WS-BNG over the corresponding interconnect link. From the WS-BNG the traffic will be sent towards the AO end-user.
- (6) The "AO-Data link" is used to carry AO CPE's US/DS data and control plane traffic. The "AO-Mgmt-link", which will be realized as an IP-VPN or IPSec type connection is used to carry

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management type of traffic like CDR file transfers, configuration file uploads, etc. between AO and TLN.

(7) For VOD IP traffic between TLN and the AO, the "AO-VOD link" is used. As described in the ROTV and AIDTV Architecture document.

3.2 Regional Interconnect Zones

(8) There are 5 Regional Interconnect Zones (RIZ) which correspond to the location of the 5 TLN switching Offices (SO). Those RIZ are identified by a list of HE which together constitutes a RIZ. Each HE serves a number of communities.

3.2.1 Regional Interconnect Zones General Requirements

(9) Telenet operates in 5 Regional Interconnect Zones (RIZ) and can provide services to the end users in each zone. An AO must have interconnection to at least one of the five RPOI's.

3.2.2 Regional Interconnect Zones Geographical View

(10)An approximate Geographical coverage is view for the 5 TLN RIZ can be seen in below figure.

HOBO

ROES

GENT

ASSE

ASSE

Figure 3-2: Regional Interconnect Zones

(11)Also the physical Locations for 5 the RPOI can be seen in below figure. (12)The addresses of the RPOI's are respectively:

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- Hoboken: Boombekelaan 14, 2660 Hoboken Asse: Brusselsesteenweg 464, 1730 Asse
- Gent: Bomastraat 11, 9000 Gent
- Hasselt: Gouverneur Verwilghensingel 32, 3500 Hasselt
- Roeselare: Hof ter Weze 10, 8800 Roeselare



Figure 3-3: Physical Locations RPOI

3.2.3 Regional Interconnect Zones List of Head-Ends

(13)The lists of Head-Ends for each of the five Regional Interconnect Zones (ASSE, GENT, HASS, HOBO and ROES) are as shown below.

Postcode	Name	Site Type	so	Postcode	Name	Site Type	so	Postcode	Name	Site Type	so	Postcode	Name	Site Type	so
1730	ASSE	HE	ASSE	9000	GENT	HE	GENT	3350	WOMMERSOM	HE	HASS	8900	IEPER	HE	ROES
1650	BEERSEL	HE	ASSE	9080	LOCHRISTI	HE	GENT	2340	BEERSE	HE	ново	8680	KOEKELARE	HE	ROES
1785	BRUSSEGEM	HE	ASSE	9100	SINT-NIKLAAS	HE	GENT	2440	GEEL	HE	НОВО	8500	KORTRIJK	HE	ROES
1000	BRUSSEL	HE	ASSE	9620	ZOTTEGEM	HE	GENT	2270	HERENTHOUT	HE	НОВО	9090	MELLE	HE	ROES
3080	DUISBURG	HE	ASSE	3200	AARSCHOT	HE	HASS	2660	HOBOKEN	HE	НОВО	8930	MENEN	HE	ROES
1540	HERFELINGEN	HE	ASSE	3580	BERINGEN	HE	HASS	2540	HOVE	HE	НОВО	8430	MIDDELKERKE	HE	ROES
1750	LENNIK	HE	ASSE	3740	BILZEN	HE	HASS	2800	MECHELEN	HE	НОВО	9700	OUDENAARDE	HE	ROES
3000	LEUVEN	HE	ASSE	3600	GENK	HE	HASS	2900	SCHOTEN	HE	ново	8800	ROESELARE	HE	ROES
1820	PERK	HE	ASSE	3500	HASSELT	HE	HASS	2940	STABROEK	HE	НОВО	8460	ROKSEM	HE	ROES
6470	RANCE	HE	ASSE	3680	MAASEIK	HE	HASS	2300	TURNHOUT	HE	НОВО	0888	SINT-ELOOIS-WINKEL	HE	ROES
1030	SCHAARBEEK	HE	ASSE	3900	OVERPELT	HE	HASS	2980	ZOERSEL	HE	ново	8630	VEURNE	HE	ROES
3000	UPC-LEUVEN	HE	ASSE	3390	SINT-JORIS-WINGE	HE	HASS	8000	BRUGGE	HE	ROES	8790	WAREGEM	HE	ROES
9200	DENDERMONDE	HE	GENT	3800	SINT-TRUIDEN	HE	HASS	9900	EEKLO	HE	ROES				

Figure 3-4: List of Head-ends

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(14)Postal zip codes of communities belonging to the service area for each Head-End are shown below.

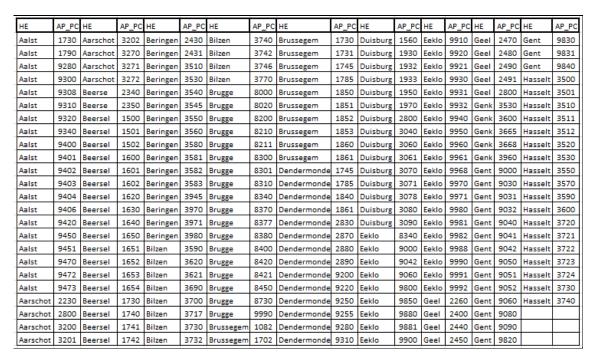


Figure 3-5: Postal codes for Head-Ends

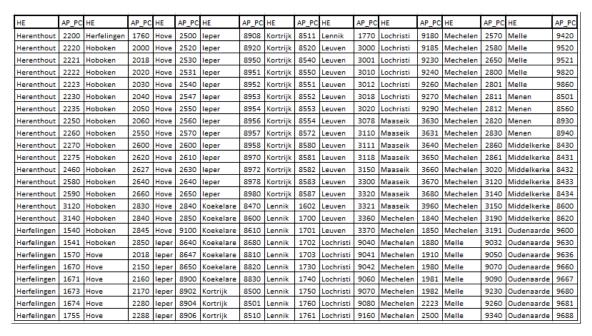


Figure 3-6: Postal codes for Head-Ends

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			-								$\overline{}$						$\overline{}$
HE	AP_PC	HE	AP_PC	HE	AP_PC	HE	AP_PC	HE	AP_PC	HE	AP_PC	HE	AP_PC	HE	AP_PC	HE	AP_PC
Oudenaarde	9690	Perk	1831	Schoten	2060	Sint-Joris-Winge	3128	Sint-Niklaas	9170	Turnhout	2321	Waregem	8700	Wommersom	3450	Zottegem	9506
Oudenaarde	9700	Perk	1850	Schoten	2100	Sint-Joris-Winge	3130	Sint-Niklaas	9190	Turnhout	2322	Waregem	8710	Wommersom	3454	Zottegem	9550
Oudenaarde	9750	Perk	1910	Schoten	2110	Sint-Joris-Winge	3200	Sint-Niklaas	9250	Turnhout	2323	Waregem	8720	Wommersom	3460	Zottegem	9551
Oudenaarde	9770	Roeselare	8480	Schoten	2140	Sint-Joris-Winge	3210	Sint-Truiden	3540	Turnhout	2328	Waregem	8740	Wommersom	3470	Zottegem	9552
Oudenaarde	9771	Roeselare	8740	Schoten	2520	Sint-Joris-Winge	3211	Sint-Truiden	3700	Turnhout	2330	Waregem	8755	Wommersom	3471	Zottegem	9570
Oudenaarde	9772	Roeselare	8750	Schoten	2600	Sint-Joris-Winge	3212	Sint-Truiden	3720	Turnhout	2360	Waregem	8760	Wommersom	3472	Zottegem	9571
Oudenaarde	9790	Roeselare	8755	Schoten	2900	Sint-Joris-Winge	3220	Sint-Truiden	3800	Turnhout	2370	Waregem	8770	Wommersom	3473	Zottegem	9572
Oudenaarde	9800	Roeselare	8800	Schoten	2910	Sint-Joris-Winge	3221	Sint-Truiden	3803	Turnhout	2380	Waregem	8780	Zoersel	2240	Zottegem	9620
Oudenaarde	9810	Roeselare	8810	Schoten	2930	Sint-Joris-Winge	3290	Sint-Truiden	3806	Turnhout	2381	Waregem	8790	Zoersel	2242	Zottegem	9660
Oudenaarde	9870	Roeselare	8840	Schoten	2950	Sint-Joris-Winge	3293	Sint-Truiden	3830	Turnhout	2382	Waregem	8791	Zoersel	2243	Zottegem	9661
Oudenaarde	9890	Roeselare	8850	Schoten	2960	Sint-Joris-Winge	3294	Sint-Truiden	3832	Turnhout	2387	Waregem	8792	Zoersel	2280		
Overpelt	3900	Roeselare	8851	Schoten	2970	Sint-Joris-Winge	3390	Sint-Truiden	3840	Turnhout	2470	Waregem	8793	Zoersel	2288		
Overpelt	3910	Roeselare	8870	Schoten	9111	Sint-Joris-Winge	3391	Sint-Truiden	3850	Turnhout	2990	Waregem	8850	Zoersel	2290		
Overpelt	3920	Roeselare	8890	Sint-Eloois-Winkel	8500	Sint-Joris-Winge	3460	Sint-Truiden	3870	Veurne	8630	Waregem	9790	Zoersel	2310		
Overpelt	3930	Roksem	8400	Sint-Eloois-Winkel	8530	Sint-Joris-Winge	3461	Sint-Truiden	3890	Veurne	8647	Waregem	9800	Zoersel	2390		
Overpelt	3940	Roksem	8420	Sint-Eloois-Winkel	8531	Sint-Joris-Winge	3560	Sint-Truiden	3891	Veurne	8660	Waregem	9870	Zoersel	2520		
Overpelt	3950	Roksem	8460	Sint-Eloois-Winkel	8560	Sint-Niklaas	2070	Stabroek	2180	Veurne	8670	Wommersom	3350	Zoersel	2531		
Overpelt	3990	Roksem	8470	Sint-Eloois-Winkel	8860	Sint-Niklaas	9100	Stabroek	2920	Veurne	8690	Wommersom	3380	Zoersel	2550		
Perk	1702	Roksem	8490	Sint-Eloois-Winkel	8880	Sint-Niklaas	9111	Stabroek	2940	Veurne	8691	Wommersom	3381	Zoersel	2960		
Perk	1785	Roksem	8680	Sint-Joris-Winge	3050	Sint-Niklaas	9112	Stabroek	2950	Waregem	8540	Wommersom	3384	Zoersel	2970		
Perk	1800	Schoten	2000	Sint-Joris-Winge	3051	Sint-Niklaas	9120	Stabroek	2990	Waregem	8570	Wommersom	3400	Zoersel	2980		
Perk	1818	Schoten	2018	Sint-Joris-Winge	3052	Sint-Niklaas	9130	Turnhout	2300	Waregem	8572	Wommersom	3401	Zoersel	2990		
Perk	1820	Schoten	2030	Sint-Joris-Winge	3053	Sint-Niklaas	9140	Turnhout	2310	Waregem	8573	Wommersom	3404	Zottegem	9404		
Perk	1830	Schoten	2040	Sint-Joris-Winge	3054	Sint-Niklaas	9150	Turnhout	2320	Waregem	8581	Wommersom	3440	Zottegem	9500		

Figure 3-7: Postal codes for Head-Ends

3.2.4 Regional Interconnect Zones Traffic Routing Rules

AO modems (or STB's) will be unable to get service, if they are moved in another location than where they were initially installed. In case of a move for AO end-user Modem (or STB), the CM (or STB) needs to be re-registered in the TLN NCP for the new specific region.

3.3 AO Interconnect Links

3.3.1 AO Interconnect Links General Requirements

- (15)Telenet delivers all aggregated BB and/or VOD IP traffic of AO end-users towards AO via TLN to AO interconnect link, distributed over 5 RPOI's based on geographic origin of traffic.
- (16)The interconnect for the aggregated BB and VOD IP traffic cannot be the same. The location for the interconnect for the aggregated BB and VOD IP traffic can, but must not be the same, selected by Telenet.
- (17) Details over the interface are documented in Appendix A < AO Network Interface>.

3.3.2 AO Interconnect Links Physical Connections

- (18)AO to TLN interconnectivity is established in minimum 1 of the 5 regional POI's (AO-RPOI) which are physically based in the Telenet switching office locations (Asse, Hoboken, Gent, Roeselare, Hasselt), where the WS-BNG will be located. Telenet offers single or multiple 1Gbps, 10 Gbps or 100 Gbps link connections. If the link between AO and TLN is a combination of multiple physical links, LAG support is required with LACP.
- (19)The first RPOI the AO needs to connect to the RPOI in one of the regions to be selected by Telenet.
- (20)Initially, there might be a single WS-BNG (possibly redundant) that will be used for all five regions. There will be a logical separation per region on the WS-BNG and the interconnect link.

There will be a restriction for the aggregated bandwidth of logical RPOI links. If the bandwidth for an interconnect exceed 10Gbps, Telenet reserves the right to request the

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AO to interconnect to additional RPOI's. The order in which the RPOI's need to be added will be defined by Telenet taking into account the characteristics of the AO traffic resulting from the AO end-users. The purpose of adding RPOI's should be to have the traffic spread out evenly throughout the Telenet network bearing in mind that offload of the AO traffic should be done as close to the source as possible.

(21)The different possibilities to realize the required physical link for the interconnect is described in the document TLN_WRO_TA_T_T_PAAA Co-location and physical interconnect.

3.3.3 AO Interconnect Links Traffic Routing

- (22)AO BB Traffic will be routed towards the AO backbone through TLN to AO BB interconnect link. All traffic is forced over the AO interconnect link. A router redundancy protocol must be used for redundant interconnect links.
- (23) Even if the destination of traffic is in the TLN network, the BB traffic will always be routed to the AO network primarily and it will be the responsibility of the AO network to route it back to destination which is in TLN network in this case.
- (24)AO VOD IP traffic will be routed towards the AO backbone through TLN to AO VOD interconnect link. Not all traffic is forced over the AO interconnect link. Refer to the ROTV and AIDTV Architecture document for the details of the traffic flows.

3.3.4 AO Interconnect Links Redundancy

(25)Telenet offers link redundancy, based on redundant interface cards for AO interconnections to ensure that networks continue to function in the presence of single points of link failure.

3.4 AO IP Range/Address Space

3.4.1 AO IP Range/Address Space General Requirements

- (26)Telenet does not offer IP address ranges for AO end-users. The AO has to provide sufficient IP address ranges for each of 5 RPOIs. TLN needs to be informed about IP address ranges for each specific region. Telenet will request the required ranges the AO has to provide. The ranges need to contain sufficient IP addresses and be communicated upfront by the AO to Telenet and subject to appropriate change management as described in the relevant procedures in the TLN WRO.
- (27)For each update the AO has to provide minimum a /22 per required subnet for IPv4 ranges, and minimum a /64 per CPE subnet and a /40 for prefix delegation subnets for IPv6 ranges. There can only be a maximum of 4 updates per year. Each update can contain new subnets for multiple regions. The AO needs to request the implementation of new subnets at least 2 weeks in advance.
 - (*) Sufficient means the number of IP addresses per region that are needed to cover the AO end-users growth for minimal the next 6 months in order to limit the impact on the Telenet network and changes can be initiated in time.
- (28)The AO will be required to have its own IP address range and IP address pools of sufficient size will have to be provided upfront to TLN to allow proper routing set-up configuration in each of the connected RPOI's, for the components detailed in the VOD IP section of the ROTV and AIDTV Architecture. The IP address ranges need to be uniquely aggregatable in one supernet for IPv4 and one for IPv6 over all the RPOI's. For IPv4 if must be a public address range and for IPv6 a global unicast address range.
- (29)On the AO customer's premise, the STB must receive an IP address out of the same subnet as provided to that customer for the broadband offering, effectively making the STB part of the

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LAN. In order to both classify the VOD IP traffic and route it appropriately, to respect the PEP for VOD IP, the previous single IPv4 and IPv6 supernet requirement must be met. Also, the AO STB must use public IPv4 or a IPv6 global unicast address to connect to the components detailed in the VOD IP section of the ROTV and AIDTV Architecture. In case the AO uses Carrier Grade NAT, the STB should use IPv6.

3.4.2 AO IP Pool Management

(30)TLN participates in IP pool management and IP address assignment services for AO end-users. The effective dynamic IP address assignment to individual AO end-users customers is the responsibility of the AO NCP. The AO uses its own IP address range for each of the 5 RPOIs and Telenet configures these ranges in the appropriate NE on a per RPOI basis. Multiple ranges are required per RPOI. The AO needs to assign "dynamic" IP addresses to its individual end-user devices that are selected via a dynamic algorithm (e.g. round robin) from the AO IP ranges configured for a particular RPOI. The address "lease-time" needs to be of limited duration (maximum 24H). In addition the "lease-time" should not be lower than 2 hours to avoid excessive network overhead. The AO dynamic IP address selection algorithm should in at least 95% of the cases, select a different address for two consecutive leases of the same modem.

3.5 Wholesale Broadband Network Gateway (WS-BNG)

3.5.1 WS-BNG General Requirements

- (31)The Gateway (WS-BNG) terminates AO end-user traffic which is sent over the TLN access network using L2VPN BSoD technology.
- (32)The L2VPN configuration for an AO modem is implemented via the modem configuration file.

3.5.2 WS-BNG Functions and Protocols

(33)The Gateway (WS-BNG) functions as a transit router. It receives IP data packets from the AO end-user devices and routes them to the AO network and vice versa.

3.5.3 WS-BNG Accounting

(34) Telenet provides CDR type info about traffic usage of AO end-users for billing purpose. Implementing specific volume limits for individual end-users is the responsibility of AO.

3.6 AO Data and Management Links

3.6.1 AO Data Link

(35)The "AO Data Link" Interface between AO and TLN is used to carry all the traffic originated from / destined to AO end-users.

3.6.2 AO Management Link

(36)This interface is used for management purposes applications between AO and TLN. Since the link carries sensitive traffic, it is secured by using IP-VPN or IPsec type connections.

3.6.3 AO VOD Link

(37)This interface is used for connecting the Telenet provided services and components with the AO VOD Backend.

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3.7 AO Traffic Management

3.7.1 AO Traffic Management General Description

(38)In order to guarantee a fair use of the available bandwidth in the network among all endusers Telenet performs traffic management to ensure that also in peak load situations endusers will have a good broadband service experience.

3.7.2 AO Traffic Management General Architecture

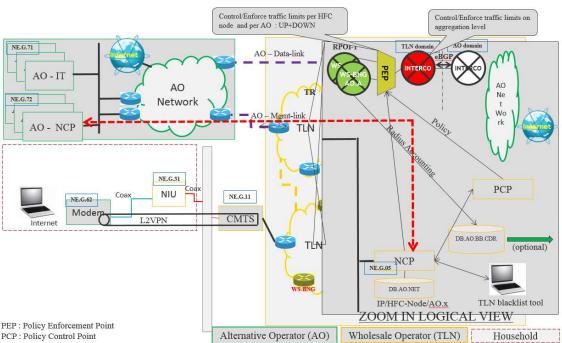


Figure 3-8: Traffic Management Architecture

- (39)Telenet will apply bandwidth management to both AO and TLN end-users and potential other users equally. Bandwidth limitations can be applicable on three levels: HFC node level, aggregation level and optionally end-user level.
- (40)HFC node level restrictions can be implemented on the PEP. PEP is the logical entity or place in the TLN network that enforces policies for admission and bandwidth control. Practically it is implemented in different network elements. This type of traffic management is performed to avoid congestion and depends on the specific broadband product tier.
- (41)Besides HFC node level traffic management, also aggregation level restrictions can be applicable. For traffic related to AO end-users this aggregation level based traffic management will be performed on the interconnection links between the AO and TLN Networks.
- (42)Optionally, Telenet can apply bandwidth restriction on individual end-users based on their specific broadband product tier.

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3.8 Restrictions

- (43)The broadband interconnection service explicitly excluded below listed services that belong to the AO domain as the ROBB service offered by Telenet is restricted to the delivery / pick-up of the traffic from/ to the interconnect links at the RPOI:
 - Value added services like (but not limited to): E-mail, Web space hosting, Virus scan, Personal firewalling, TLN Hot-spot access, TLN Home-spot access, Network based backup
 - My Telenet type subscription management functionality
 - Telemeter service
 - Re-direction towards landing page, offering volume block up-sell or choice for continue in narrowband services
 - AO end-user e-mail notification services on network events (e.g. high usage, ...)

3.9 Operational Procedures

- (44)Telenet will execute from time to time operational changes on the IP interconnect infrastructure. An AO making use of the TLN WRO part should be prepared at all time to adapt its infrastructure, devices and systems, as well as its operational procedures to handle those changes. In addition it is strongly recommended by TLN that AO will take this into account in the design of its solution, so that impact of future changes will be limited. Below a non exhaustive list is given, showing some examples of operational changes that TLN has executed in the past and which will be repeated likely in the future:
 - Creation of new RIZ, or re-organisation of existing ones
 - Updates and changes to the routing protocols and routing policies
 - Updated and changes to the IP address allocation and sub-netting requirements

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4 <u>Certification for interconnection between AO IP</u> backbone network and the TLN network

4.1 Introduction

(45)The tests will cover all of the requirements specified by this document.

4.2 Test score card

CONFORMANCE TES	ST SCORE CA	ARD								
Conformance Test Score Card Number		TLN-WRO-	TA-TSC-%	%-P%%%						
Test Identification										
Test Execution Date										
Test Run Type		Full / Reduced(without OOS cases)								
Device / Equipment / Interface Name										
Device / Equipment / Interface Type / Class										
AO Device / Equipment / Interface Identification										
Software Version										
Tested by										
Overall Result Status		Pa	ıss / Fail							
Applicability	Selec	ct 1 or more	: ROTV /	ROBB / AIDT\	√ <u> </u>					
CONFORMANCE T	EST ITEM LI	ST								
Test Cases Summary	FORMAT	IN SCOPE	MAN	PASS/FAIL	REM					
			"Y/N"	"P/F"	(*xy)					
3. AO IP Interconnect Solution Functional Requirements	НО									
3.1. General Architecture			Υ							
3.2. Regional Interconnect Zones			Υ							
3.3 AO Interconnect Links			Υ							
3.4 AO IP Range / Address Space			Υ							
3.5 Wholesale Broadband Network Gateway (WS-BNG)			Υ							
3.6 AO Data and Management Links			Υ							
3.7 AO Traffic Management			Υ							
3.8 Restrictions			Υ							
3.9 Operational Procedures			Υ							
<u>Remarks</u>										
(*xy) : "Remark explanation comes here"	-		-							

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